



# Educational paths in Baden-Württemberg

At home in Herrenberg - secondary education





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# FOREWORD OF THE LORD MAYOR



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The various educational paths in Baden-Württemberg offer pupils numerous opportunities for individual development. Sometimes, however, this variety of options can raise some questions for parents and their children. The technical vocabulary about degrees and further education opportunities also sometimes poses a challenge. Our common goal is that every child should be able to develop according to his or her talents. Education is an important key to participation in an increasingly complex society.

When deciding - which school for my child - the teachers provide lots of support by recommending the type of school that offers the best opportunities for each child's academic development. At the same time, the parents are the competent guides who are actively committed to the educational success of their children. After all, they know their interests and potentials from an early age and strive for a suitable school education.

The first Herrenberg school brochure starts by explaining the important terms and then gives an overview of the school types in Baden-Württemberg. In addition to this general orientation, it offers information about secondary schools in our city in a bundled and clearly arranged form. Furthermore, the brochure contains a wide range of links to secondary schools which provide in-depth insights into various school-related topics. For parents with little knowledge of German, foreign-language information material is also linked on the corresponding pages. Thus, this brochure can serve all parents as a comprehensive source of information and help in taking decisions on the educational future of their children.

Thomas Sprißler Lord Mayor

# **GLOSSARY**<sup>1</sup>

# "Abitur", the general qualification for university entrance

### The "Abitur" can be achieved by:

- Passing the "Abitur" examination at grammar schools in normal form, in a six- or seven-year structure or in a three-year structure
- Passing the "Abitur" examination at vocational grammar schools in a three-year structure or in a six-year structure
- Passing the "Abitur" examination at a "Gemeinschaftsschule" with a grammar school sixth form (starting in 2021)
- Secondary education (evening grammar school, "Kolleg", technical secondary school, business secondary school or vocational secondary school for social services)
- Passing the "Abitur" examination as a school-leaving examination

The general higher education entrance qualification entitles the holder to study all degree programmes at universities in Germany as well as for studies at the "Duale Hochschule".

### The "Berufseinstiegsjahr (BEJ)", the year of career start

is a vocational preparation course and is intended for students with a "Hauptschulabschluss" and compulsory vocational schooling (under 18 years of age).

This enables pupils to improve their opportunities of finding an apprenticeship place. The BEJ offers a learning and teaching programme that prepares pupils as individually as possible for a suitable apprenticeship. The aim is to obtain a higher-level qualification with requirements that are slightly above the level of the "Hauptschulabschluss".

# Pre-vocational training courses

Adolescents who do not attend secondary school after having completed compulsory schooling (end of year 9) and do not start an apprenticeship are prepared for entry into the world of work and employment in prevocational training courses. In some cases, attendance of these courses is also possible without a certificate.

### Students improve their chances of getting an apprenticeship place with:

- the "Berufseinstiegsjahr (BEJ)", the year of career start
- the "Vorqualifizierungsjahr Arbeit/Beruf (VAB and VABO)", the pre-qualification year job/profession
- the "Ausbildungsvorbereitung dual (AVdual)" dual education preparation and "Berufsfachschule pädagogische Erprobung (BFPE)", the vocational school pedagogical testing

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Ministry of education, cultural affairs and sports, Baden-Württemberg https://km-bw.de/,Lde/Startseite/Schule

# "Duale Ausbildungsvorbereitung (AVdual)"

# dual education preparation

includes extensive work placements, which are the core element of the training programme. In addition, there is a focus on improving the students' interdisciplinary competences and self-learning techniques. Passing a final examination, which is taken as a central examination in the subjects German, Mathematics and English, ensures an educational level equivalent to the "Hauptschulabschluss" at the end of the school year. The aim of AVdual is to ensure that adolescents receive the individual support they need to start an apprenticeship.

# "Fachgebundene Hochschulreife"

### can be achieved by:

- the final examination at a "Berufsoberschule" (vocational upper secondary school), (e.g. "Technische Oberschule" (technical upper secondary school), "Wirtschaftsoberschule" (upper secondary school with a focus on economics), "Berufsoberschule für Sozialwesen" (vocational upper secondary school for social work)
- the career examination as part of the training to become a specialist teacher for music-technical subjects at a specialist pedagogical seminar. This qualification entitles you to take up the course of study leading to a teaching qualification for primary school or secondary school teaching qualification. Afterwards you may teach at "Werkrealschulen", "Hauptschulen" and "Realschulen"
- the career examination as part of the training for specialist teachers or technical teachers in special education. This qualification entitles you to take up the course of study for a teaching profession in special needs education
- the final examination of the former state housekeeping seminars for the study of related subjects
- the final examination of an artistic course of study (e.g. ballet) at a state or state-accredited institution of higher education, on the basis of which the general higher education entrance qualification cannot be awarded
- the final examination of a course of study at the Pop, Film or Theatre Academy on the basis of which the general qualification for university entrance cannot be awarded

Depending on the type of school at which it is acquired, the "Fachgebundene Hochschulreife" with proof of a foreign language entitles the holder to study certain courses at universities and universities of applied sciences and to study in certain training areas at the "Duale Hochschule".

**Please note:** Several academic qualifications are only valid in Baden-Württemberg.

# "Fachhochschulreife"

### can be achieved by:

- graduation from certain vocational colleges, with additional examination if necessary
- dual education during which you acquire the "Fachhochschulreife", the entrance qualification for studies at universities of applied sciences. This additional qualification is offered at various locations of the vocational school
- graduation from certain three-year vocational schools with additional examination, e.g. "Berufsschule für Altenpflege", the vocational school for geriatric nursing
- qualified school performance in the course system of the "gymnasiale Oberstufe", the upper secondary school, if the "Abitur" is not achieved, in connection with a completed professional education or if an internship of at least one year has been completed, through which one has become acquainted with the world of work and gained insights into different fields of work and working methods, into the structure and organisation of the internship position as well as into personnel and social issues
- graduation from a "Fachschule", a two-year technical school, e.g. in the fields of technology, design or economics, partly with additional examination
- graduation of special courses of the police or the "Bundeswehr", the German Federal Armed Forces
- passing the examination to obtain the "Fachhochschulreife", the entrance qualification for studies at universities of applied sciences for pupils of the "Freie Waldorfschulen", the free Rudolf Steiner and Waldorf Schools
- second education ("Abendgymnasium", an evening grammar school, "Berufskolleg", a one-year vocational school, or a "Kolleg")

The "Fachhochschulreife", the entrance qualification for studies at universities of applied sciences, entitles the holder to study at "Fachhochschulen" (universities of applied sciences). Some "Fachhochschule" study programmes require at least the "Fachgebundene Hochschulreife", cf page 6.

### "Fachschulreife"

has a higher status than the "Mittlere Reife", a general education school leaving certificate obtained on completion of year 10, as it is made up of the "Mittlere Reife" and previous vocational training. This is a school leaving certificate specific to the choice of occupation, which is acquired by attending a two-year vocational school ("Berufsfachschule"). Vocational school is divided into three areas: industrial-technical, commercial, nutrition and health.

Attendance at a vocational school is suitable for adolescents who have acquired a graduation from class 9 at a "Werkrealschule", "Hauptschule" or "Gemeinschaftsschule".

With the "Fachschulreife", not only can an apprenticeship be started, but also a vocational school ("Berufskolleg") or a vocational grammar school ("Berufliches Gymnasium") can be attended.

# "Hauptschulabschluss"

### can be achieved through:

- successful completion of the "Hauptschulabschlussprüfung" at the end of year 9 of the "Hauptschule" or "Werkrealschule" or at the end of year 10 of the "Werkrealschule" You can also take the "Hauptschulabschluss" after year 9 or 10 of the "Gemeinschaftsschule". In future, the "Realschule" will also offer the opportunity to acquire the "Hauptschulabschluss" at the end of year 9.
- transfer to year 10 of the "Werkrealschule"
- school report of promotion from year 9 to year 10 of the "Realschule" or the "Gymnasium" or the six-year vocational "Gymnasium" or if you could have been promoted from year 9 to 10 at the "Gemeinschaftsschule" to Level M or E
- successful graduation from a vocational school at upper secondary level ("Berufsfachschule")
- transfer to the 2nd school year of the two-year vocational school leading to the technical school entrance qualification ("Fachschulreife")
- successful graduation from a vocational school
- successful completion of a central final examination in the "Vorqualifizierungsjahr Arbeit/Beruf (VAB)" the pre-qualification year job/occupation or the "duale Ausbildungsvorbereitung (AV dual)", the dual education preparation
- successful completion of the "Hauptschulabschlussprüfung" for non-school leavers (application and admission exclusively via the State Education Authority responsible for the applicant's place of residence)

### "Mittlere Reife = Realschulabschluss"

### a general education school leaving certificate

### can be achieved by:

- successful final examination after year 10 of the "Realschule", the "Werkrealschule" or the "Gemeinschaftsschule"
- school report of promotion from year 10 to year 11 of the "allgemeinbildendes Gymnasium", the grammar school; the "Gemeinschaftsschule", the community school, on level E as well as the vocational grammar schools of the 6-year continuation form (6BG)
- successful graduation of the first year at a "Berufskolleg" or vocational "Gymnasium" of the three-year continuation type (3BG), if you have transferred to a "Berufskolleg" or vocational "Gymnasium" from year 9 to year 10 with a school report of promotion from an eight-year "Gymnasium"
- dual education in company and vocational school
- successful graduation from a two-year vocational school leading to the entrance qualification for technical schools (entrance qualification for technical schools ("Fachschulreife"): secondary school leaving certificate ("Mittlere Reife") plus basic vocational training)
- Second educational path (evening secondary school ("Abendrealschule"), evening grammar school ("Abendgymnasium"), vocational post-secondary school, ("Berufsaufbauschule").

With the "Mittlere Reife", the secondary school leaving certificate, it is possible to start an education in a recognised training occupation. Under certain conditions, it is possible to attend a general or vocational "Gymnasium", an upper secondary school, the "Oberstufe" or a "Gemeinschaftsschule", a vocational school ("Berufskolleg") or the "Berufsoberschule", an upper vocational school.

# Open full-time education offer:

Students attend classes or study groups, called AGs, in the afternoons, according to desire.

# "VAB (Vorqualifizierungsjahr Arbeit/Beruf)"

# the pre-qualification year job/occupation

offers adolescents who are subject to compulsory vocational schooling and have not found a training place the opportunity to achieve an educational level equivalent to the lower secondary school leaving certificate ("Hauptschulabschluss"). At the same time, the VAB imparts basic vocational knowledge in up to three working fields and thus promotes vocational orientation. It is the right choice for adolescents with or without a "Hauptschulabschluss" who do not yet have any concrete career aspirations.

### "VABO"

stands for "Pre-qualification Year for Work/Vocational Training with a Focus on Acquiring German Language Skills". In VABO classes, adolescents with little or no knowledge of the German language receive more language training. The year creates transitions into the regular vocational school system and is concluded with a German language examination.

### "Werkrealschulabschluss"

is just like the "Realschulabschluss" a medium level qualification. It qualifies for

- starting a training
- attending a "Berufsfachschule"
- attending a "Berufskolleg", the "berufliches Gymnasium", a vocational grammar school or the "gymnasiale Oberstufe" of the "Gemeinschaftsschule" with appropriate school performance

### "WBS": Economy, Vocational and Academic Orientation

is the main subject for the vocational orientation "BO", which is taught during the entire school year, especially in year 9. "BO" is the abbreviation for "Berufliche Orientierung", i.e. vocational orientation. In close cooperation with the career counselling service, the Federal employment agency ("Agentur für Arbeit") as well as companies, authorities and schools in Herrenberg and surroundings, insights into the world of work and professions are provided, especially in year 9, and detailed information as well as help for choosing a profession is given ("Berufsinformationszentrum BIZ").

One focus is on company and workplace experience. The students do one week of practical training and can thus be directly on site in a company, a school or at a public authority in order to gain experience through direct observation and their own actions.

# THE DIFFERENT KINDS OF SCHOOLS IN BADEN-WÜRTTEMBERG



# WHICH SCHOOL FOR MY CHILD?<sup>2</sup>

# Information for parents

In the last year of primary school, children, parents and teachers have to make an important decision - the transition to a secondary school. This decision is not easy, because the child should be considered as a personality in its development, with its talents, achievements and potentials.

The primary school recommendation is about recommending each child for the type of school at which he or she can receive the best possible advancement - an advancement that corresponds to his or her current level of development and talent and neither over- nor under-challenges him or her.

Parents are supported right from the start of their child's school career by receiving regular counselling from the primary school. This is based on a differentiated continuous observation of the child with regard to his or her learning and performance development, learning and working attitude, learning paths, strengths and learning preferences and potential.

The primary school recommendation, which parents receive in written form, expresses the school's assessment of a suitable school after primary school. As a further aid to decide on the transition, parents can also consult a specially qualified school counsellor within the framework of the special counselling process.

The decision as to which type of secondary school your child should attend after primary school is up to the parents. Since the 2017/2018 school year, primary school recommendation is to be presented when registering at the secondary school.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Ministry of education, cultural affairs and sports, Baden-Württemberg https://km-bw.de/,Lde/Startseite/Schule/Welche+Schule+fuer+mein+Kind\_

# "HAUPTSCHULE/WERKREALSCHULE"

# not available in Herrenberg

### Strictly vocational through practical learning

Practical talents are encouraged in the "Hauptschulen/Werkrealschulen". The students deal with their career ideas at an early stage. They talk about perspectives and possibilities for their life and career planning. Reading, writing and maths are just as important in lessons as the development of social skills. Individual support is very important in this process.

### Learning in the "Hauptschule/Werkrealschule"

The "Hauptschule" comprises years 5 to 9. At a "Hauptschule", you can only obtain the "Hauptschulabschluss" (lower secondary school leaving certificate).

The "Werkrealschule" is also based on the primary school and comprises years 5 to 10. It leads to an intermediate school leaving certificate ("Werkrealschulabschluss") after six years and also offers the possibility of acquiring the "Hauptschulabschluss" at the end of year 9 or year 10.

### **Compulsory elective courses**

The compulsory elective subjects prepare students for their training and future careers. The students choose one of the subjects from year 7 onwards.

- Everyday Culture, Nutrition, Social Issues ("AES")
- Technology

### Vocational and study orientation

Within the framework of the "KooBO-Praxistage-Hauptschule/Werkrealschule meets Berufsschule" (KooBO = cooperative vocational orientation), 8th year students can check their career aspirations. They can gain first insights into different professions through working in the workshops of the vocational schools. In year 9, the students compose a project work. It is written in the subject of economics/vocational and study orientation ("WBS") with reference to another subject.

### This happens after graduation

### After the "Hauptschulabschluss" (after year 9)

- Attend year 10 of the "Werkrealschule" or, with an appropriate performance, attend year 10 of the "Realschule" or the "Gemeinschaftsschule"
- Attend the two-year course "Berufsfachschule 2BFS" graduating with "Mittlere Reife" (secondary school leaving certificate)
- School-based vocational training at the two-year vocational school 2BFS
- Start of vocational training in the dual system (vocational school and company) or at a vocational school; prior to this, an introductory year BEJ must be completed
- Without a training contract: Change to the vocational preparation courses

### After the "Werkrealschulabschluss" (after year 10)

- Start of vocational training in the dual system (vocational school and company)
- School-based vocational training in vocational schools ("Berufsfachschulen") or vocational schools ("Berufskolleg") (e.g. geriatric nurse ("Altenpfleger/in"), nursery teacher ("Erzieher/in"), technical assistant ("Technische/r Assistent/in"))
- Attend a two-year vocational school to obtain the entrance qualification for studies at universities of applied sciences ("Fachhochschulreife") and a vocational qualification
- Begin a civil service career in the intermediate civil service
- Attend a grammar school sixth form ("Oberstufe") at a school at lower secondary level ("Gemeinschaftsschule") to obtain the general qualification for university entrance ("Abitur")
- Attend a vocational grammar school to obtain the general qualification for university entrance ("Abitur")
- Attend a one-year vocational school to obtain the entrance qualification for studies at universities of applied sciences ("Fachhochschulreife", only with completed vocational training)



# "REALSCHULE"

# A school with a touch to reality

"Realschulen" have many opportunities to emphasize individual areas (languages, art, technology, sports). They support and educate their students with particular focus on reallife situations. The "Realschule" runs from year 5 to year 10. After year 9, students can take the "Hauptschulabschluss" exam (lower secondary school leaving certificate). Excellent students graduate from the "Realschule" at the end of year 10.

### Learning at the "Realschule"

In year 5 and 6, the students have time to show and develop their potential. After year 5, all are transferred to year 6. At the end of year 6, the teachers decide according to the grades in which group the students will continue: to the "Hauptschulabschluss" or to the "Realschulabschluss".

### Compulsory electives subjects and elective subjects

Students choose in year 7 one of the following subjects

- Technology
- Everyday culture, nutrition, social issues ("AES")
- A second foreign language (French), if this foreign language has already been chosen in year 6

In years 8 to 10, students can opt for the elective subject Computer Science.

### Vocational and study orientation

The "Realschule" prepares its students for a good transition to training, the vocational grammar school ("berufliches Gymnasium") or the upper secondary school ("gymnasiale Oberstufe"). Students gain first insights into companies and businesses through projects and internships.

### This happens after graduation

### After the "Hauptschulabschluss" (after year 9)

- Attend year 10 of the "Realschule" to obtain the "Mittlere Reife" (intermediate school leaving certificate)
  with good to very good achievements; in case of weaker performance, attend year 10 of the "Werkrealschule" or "Gemeinschaftsschule" to obtain the "Werkrealschulabschluss" (intermediate school
  leaving certificate)
- Attend the two-year "Berufsfachschule 2BFS" (vocational school) to obtain the "Fachschulreife" (technical school leaving certificate)
- school-based vocational training at the one-year 1BFS or two-year vocational school 2BFS
- Start of vocational training in the dual system (vocational school and company)
- Without a training contract: change to vocational preparation course

### After the "Realschulabschluss" (after year 10)

- Start of vocational training in the dual system (vocational school and company)
- School-based vocational training in vocational schools ("Berufsfachschulen") or vocational colleges ("Berufskollegs", e.g. geriatric nurse, educator, technical assistant)
- Attend a two-year vocational school ("Berufskolleg") to obtain the entrance qualification for studies at universities of applied sciences and a vocational qualification
- Start a civil service career in the intermediate civil service
- Attend a vocational grammar school to obtain the "Abitur" (A-levels)
- Attend the upper level of grammar school ("gymnasiale Oberstufe des Gymnasiums") to obtain the "Abitur"; the three-year "Aufbaugymnasium" or the upper level of a "Gemeinschaftsschule" is particularly aimed at students with a "Realschulabschluss" (intermediate secondary school leaving certificate)
- Attend a one-year "Berufskolleg" (vocational school) to obtain the "Fachhochschulreife" (only with completed vocational training)
- Attend the "Staatliches Kolleg" (only with completed vocational training) to acquire the "Allgemeine Hochschulreife/Abitur" (general qualification for university entrance)



# "GEMEINSCHAFTSSCHULE"

# Learning on three levels

The "Gemeinschaftsschule" is very responsive to the diversity of the students. At the end of year 9 or 10, the students achieve the "Hauptschulabschluss". At the end of year 10, they can acquire the "Realschulabschluss". The stronger students sit the "Abitur" exams at the end of year 12 and thus acquire the "Allgemeine Hochschulreife", the general higher education entrance qualification.

### Learning at the "Gemeinschaftsschule"

At the "Gemeinschaftsschule", lessons are offered at three different levels of difficulty. The basic level (G) leads to the "Hauptschulabschluss", the intermediate level (M) to the "Realschulabschluss" and the advanced level (E) to the "Abitur". Parents and children consider in year 8 and 9 which school-leaving certificate the students are aiming at. At the "Gemeinschaftsschule", all students move up one class at the end of the school year.

### Vocational and study orientation

Through internships, work in student-run companies and career-related projects, the students gain initial experience in various occupations and fields of activity. With the subject economics/career and study orientation ("WBS"), the students receive a basic economic education.



### This happens after graduation

### After "Hauptschulabschluss" (after year 9 or 10)

- Attend year 10 of the "Gemeinschaftsschule", "Realschule" or "Werkrealschule" if the lower secondary school graduation was taken in year 9 in order to obtain the "Mittlere Reife"
- Attend the two-year "Berufsfachschule 2BFS" to obtain the "Fachschulreife"
- Start a vocational training programme in the dual system (vocational school and company) or at a vocational school
- Without a training contract: transfer to the vocational preparation courses

### After "Realschulabschluss" (after year 10)

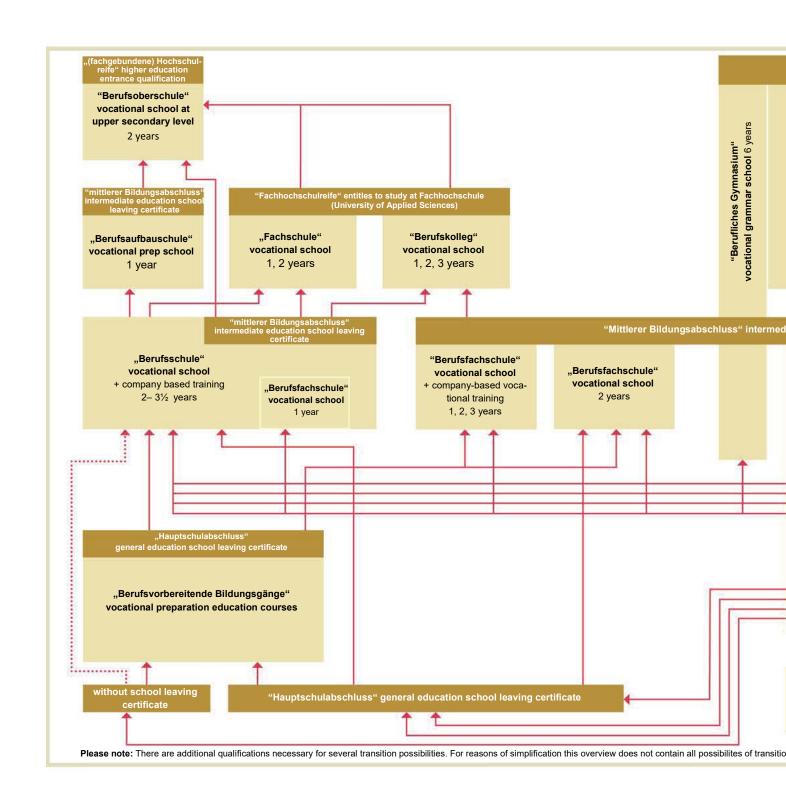
- Start a vocational training programme in the dual system (vocational school and company)
- School-based vocational training in vocational schools ("Berufsfachschulen") or vocational colleges ("Berufskollegs") (e.g. geriatric nurse, nursery teacher, technical assistant)
- Attend a two-year vocational school ("Berufskolleg") to obtain the entrance qualification for studies at universities of applied sciences ("Fachhochschulreife") and a vocational qualification
- Begin a civil service career in the intermediate civil service
- Attend the upper level of a "Gemeinschaftsschule" to obtain the "Abitur" (school-leaving certificate)
- Attend a vocational grammar school to obtain the "Abitur" (school-leaving certificate)
- Attend an upper secondary school at a general grammar school ("Gymnasium") to obtain the "Abitur"; the three-year "Aufbaugymnasium" is particularly aimed at students with a graduation certificate from "Realschule"
- Attend a one-year vocational school ("Berufskolleg 1BFS") to obtain the entrance qualification for studies at universities of applied sciences ("Fachhochschulreife", only with completed vocational training)

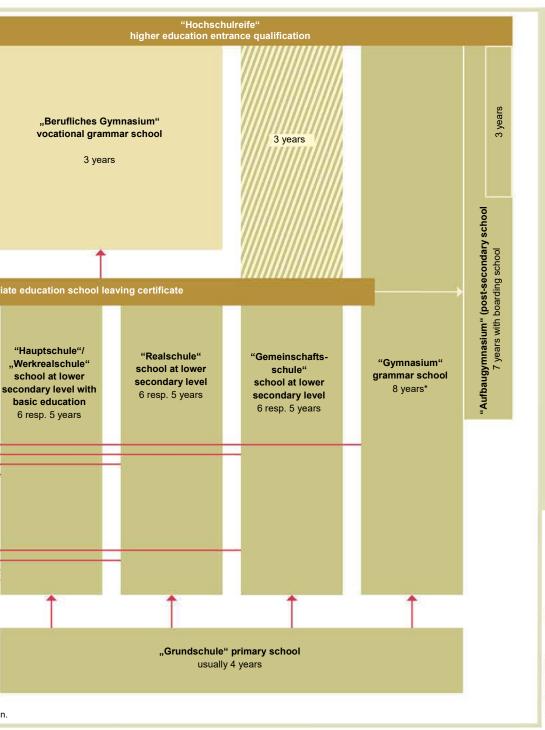
### After "Abitur/Allgemeine Hochschulreife"

- The "Abitur" opens up the best possible opportunities for choosing a national and international course of study and career
- Studying at universities and colleges is just as possible as qualified vocational training; companies and institutions often offer shortened training periods for graduates with "Abitur"

# EDUCATIONAL PATHS IN BADEN-WÜRTTEMBERG

source: https://km-bw.de/site/pbs-bw-new/get/documents/KULTUS.Dachmandant/KULTUS/KM-Homepage/Publikationen%202019/Bildungswege%202020%20Grafik.pdf





# The Special Educational Needs and and Guidance Centre (SBBZ)

The Special Educational Needs and Guidance Centre (SBBZ) is a type of school that provides its own educational services and supports the general schools in the education of young people with special educational needs or an identified entitlement to special educational provision. The Special Educational Needs and Guidance Centres focus on different special needs (see www.km-bw.de - Schule - Sonderpädagogische Bildung). Some of these are provided by the general schools. This means that the educational qualifications shown in the chart are achievable at these schools. The SBBZ, which provide the educational programmes of the general schools and whose students strive for the educational goals of these schools, are oriented towards the educational goals of the general schools and their educational plans related to the respective special focus. In addition, there are separate qualifications in the special focuses of learning and mental development. It is possible to transfer from special needs education and guidance centres to general schools and vice versa. Transitions are prepared and accompanied individually.

\* At 44 model schools, students can take the "Abitur" in the framework of a school trial after nine instead of eight years. The first phase with 22 schools started in the 2012/2013 school year, the second in the 2013/2014 school year

primary school and secondary level II at the "Gemeinschaftsschule" insofar as existing at the place in question

general schools ("allgemein bildende Schulen")

vocational schools ("Berufliche Schulen")

Special Educational Needs and Guidance Centres (SBBZ)

# VOCATIONAL SCHOOLS

# Getting into the world of work or individual further qualification

After graduation from the "Förderschule", "Werkrealschule", "Hauptschule", "Gemeinschaftsschule" or "Realschule", the vocational schools offer a wide range of opportunities to gain further qualifications. The vocational schools are divided into six school types. The aim is to prepare students for vocational training. Even during or after vocational training, adolescents have the chance to acquire additional certificates - right up to the "Abitur".

### This happens after graduation

### With and without "Hauptschulabschluss" Goal: Prepare for career choice

### "Berufsvorbereitende Bildungsgänge BVB", vocational preparation education courses

- "Ausbildungsvorbereitung dual (AVdual)", dual education preparation and "Ausbildungsvorbereitung (AV)", education preparation
- "Berufseinstiegsjahr (BEJ)", year of career start
- "Vorqualifizierungsjahr Arbeit/Beruf (VAB)", pre-qualification year job/profession

### "Berufsschule", vocational school as part of a dual education

Students without "Hauptschulabschluss" (general education school leaving certificate) can achieve a level of education equivalent to a "Hauptschulabschluss" by passing the final examination of a dual education ("Gesellen-", "Gehilfen-" or "Facharbeiterbrief").

### "Berufsfachschule", vocational school as full-time programme

Students who do not have a "Hauptschulabschluss" (general education school leaving certificate) can start the training to become a state-recognised care worker at the "Berufsfachschule" (vocational school). Like that, they can achieve a level of education that is equivalent to the "Hauptschulabschluss".

### With "Hauptschulabschluss" Goal: "Mittlere Reife"

#### "Berufsschule" - vocational school

With good grades, students with a "Hauptschulabschluss" achieve a level of education equivalent to the "Mittlere Reife" (intermediate education school leaving certificate).

### "Zweijährige Berufsfachschule 2BFS" - vocational school taking 2 years

Students with a "Hauptschulabschluss" improve their general education at the two-year vocational school and acquire basic vocational training. There are three profiles to choose from:

- commercial
- industrial-technical
- nutrition and health

Students obtain the "Fachschulreife" on successful graduation. Some vocational schools offer purely school-based vocational training with a state-recognised vocational qualification.

# "Berufsaufbauschule BAS", vocational prep school, and "Berufsoberschule BOS", vocational school at upper secondary level

In the intermediate level of the "Berufsoberschule", which is then called "Berufsaufbauschule BAS", students with a "Hauptschulabschluss" and completed vocational training acquire the "Mittlere Reife" in one year of full-time classes.

# With "Mittlere Reife" Goal: "Fachgebundene" or "Allgemeine Hochschulreife"

### "Berufsschule", vocational school

Trainees with an intermediate education school leaving certificate can acquire the entrance qualification for the university of applied sciences ("Fachhochschulreife") through an additional programme parallel to the dual education.

### "Berufliches Gymnasium", vocational grammar school

Requirements for attending the vocational grammar school:

- "Realschulabschluss", "Werkrealschulabschluss" or "Fachschulreife" with a fixed average
- Certificate of promotion from a "Gymnasium", grammar school, to year 10 or 11 (G8) or to year 12 (G9)
- Certificate of promotion from a "Gemeinschaftsschule" at the end of year 10 at level E

Graduates of the three-year vocational grammar school receive the "Allgemeine Hochschulreife", the higher education entrance qualification.

### "Berufskolleg", vocational school

To be admitted to the "Berufskolleg", students partly have to meet further requirements in addition to the "Mittlere Bildungsabschluss" (intermediate education school leaving certificate) (e.g. an internship). The "Berufskolleg" usually ends with a final examination. In the case of at least two-year courses, students obtain both the "Fachhochschulreife" and a vocational gualification (e.g. "state-certified assistant").

### "Berufsaufbauschule BAS" and "Berufsoberschule BOS", vocational schools

In the upper level of the "Berufsoberschule BOS", students with "Mittlere Reife" (intermediate education school leaving certificate) and a completed vocational training obtain the "Fachgebundene Hochschulreife" or, with a second foreign language, the "Abitur".

### "Fachschule", vocational school

The "Fachschulen" are aimed at professionals who have completed vocational training for further qualification. After successful graduation from the "Fachschule", students are awarded the "Fachhochschulreife".

# GENERAL GRAMMAR SCHOOL

# Basis for a good start to your studies or career

The "Gymnasium" (grammar school) goes the direct way to the "Abitur". It provides students with a qualified foundation of knowledge, values and skills and leads to the "Allgemeine Hochschulreife/Abitur" in eight years (G8). Some grammar schools offer a nine-year school period (G9), which leads to "Abitur" in the same way. The main goal of the "Gymnasium" is to prepare students for university studies. Other forms of education and training are also possible.

### Learning at the "Gymnasium"

Students will learn on a high level

- several languages
- natural sciences
- humanities
- social sciences
- creative arts

### **Elective subjects**

The grammar schools ("Gymnasium") differ in their focus on different curricula. The range goes from linguistic, scientific, creative or sporting emphases. Some schools offer bilingual learning.

### Vocational and study orientation

In year 8, the subject economics/career and study orientation ("WBS") is taught. In the 9th and 10th year, students can gain their first insights in companies, authorities and institutions for one week. In years 11 and 12, there is an open day for study information, amongst other things.

### This happens after graduation

### With an intermediate school leaving certificate

With the promotion at the end of year 10, students automatically achieve the "Mittlerer Bildungsabschluss" (intermediate education school leaving certificate). The "Mittlere Reife" at the "Gymnasium" (grammar school) offers the same opportunities for vocational training or further qualification as described in the chapter on "Realschule" (page 14) or "Gemeinschaftsschule" (page 16). The "Allgemeine Hochschulreife" can also be obtained later, e.g. at the "Aufbaugymnasium" or "Abendgymnasium", at the "Berufskolleg" and at the "berufliches Gymnasium".

### With "Abitur"

Students leave the "Gymnasium" (grammar school) at the end of year 12 (G8) by passing the "Abitur" and thus obtain the "Allgemeine Hochschulreife" (higher education entrance qualification). The "Abitur" opens up the best possible opportunities for national and international study and career paths. Studies at universities are just as possible as qualified vocational training. Companies and institutions often offer shortened trainee contracts for "Abitur" graduates.

If a student fails the "Abitur", there are still opportunities to study a specific subject. School requirement is the promotion to year 12 or admission to the "Abitur"; the practical part can be compensated through an internship of at least one year, a training of at least two years or work experience. With the "Fachhochschulreife" thus acquired, students can study at universities of applied sciences ("Fachhochschulen").



The information concerning the school leaving certificates has been quoted from: https://www.service-bw.de/web/guest/startseite

# SECONDARY SCHOOLS IN HERRENBERG

















### Albert-Schweitzer-Schule



Albert-Schweitzer-Schule is a special education and counselling centre (SBBZ) with a focus on learning, with a very differentiated school and care concept and an open full-time programme. Children can attend the school if they are entitled to special educational needs that cannot be met at a regular school. The focus of work at Albert-Schweitzer-Schule is on the personal stage of development and the special needs of each child. The students receive individually tailored educational opportunities that open up new academic and professional perspectives for them and strengthen their self-confidence. Tolerance and respectful interaction with each other are of central importance to us. We want to set an example against all forms of discrimination, bullying and violence. Since 2020, we have been part of the nationwide network "School without Racism - School with Courage".

### **Educational offer**

year 1: Diagnostic and remedial class at the Grundschule Öschelbronn

year 1, 2 and 3: Mixed-age classes, individual development support year 1 to 6: Cooperation class with Friedrich-Fröbel-Schule

year 1 to 9: Individual learning and development support ("ILEB")

year 4, 5 and 6: Class projects, e.g. school farm, horse riding, climbing, "Klasse2000"

year 7, 8 and 9: Practice-oriented sixth form concept

Many additional supplementary courses with extracurricular partners, such as psychomotricity, early musical education, music therapy, homework supervision, fitness and others.

### Vocational orientation

year 7, 8 and 9: Job application training, talent circles, student companies, e.g. catering year 7: Vocational skills analysis, business field trips, in-school internships

year 8 and 9: Career entry guidance, day and week-long internships, career orientation at the "IB"

year 9: Individual counselling by the "Agentur für Arbeit", taster days, work trials

Albert-Schweitzer-Schule has been awarded the career choice award BORIS of the state of Baden-Württemberg for its activitites in 2018.

Albert-Schweitzer-Schule Bismarckstraße 7 71083 Herrenberg Tel: 07032 / 89437-0 Fax: 07032 / 89437-19 E-Mail: poststelle@ass.hbg.schule.bwl.de

### Friedrich-Fröbel-Schule



Friedrich-Fröbel-Schule is a full-time school where children and adolescents with special needs are taught. This intensive need for support requires that the learning environment is adapted to the individual abilities and possibilities. The teaching and learning processes are designed so that students can develop in the best possible way. This includes people who support them in this process, an equipment with materials on which they can learn by themselves and a school organisation that creates a good environment.

Students go through the four-year basic level and the five-year main level. This is followed by the three-year vocational school phase, in which compulsory vocational schooling is completed. Teaching takes place in small classes. A special focus is on preparing the students for an independent life and for participating in social activities, based on their overall personality and the world in which they live.

#### **Educational offer**

basic level, in which the lessons are tailored to the child's current situation and learning year 1 to 4: involves all senses

main level, in which the skills from the basic level are developed and the competences for the year 5 to 9:

vocational school level are initiated

after year 9: **vocational school level** with preparation for post-school life in various formats, e.g. school camp,

residential project, internship day, technology and work lessons, participation in markets

### Vocational orientation

includes a trial and integration phase and prepares for participation in working life

The early counselling centre in Herrenberg is affiliated with Friedrich-Fröbel School. Parents and guardians can contact this centre directly with questions about their child's development, from birth to school age.

Friedrich-Fröbel-Schule Friedrich-Fröbel-Straße 4 71083 Herrenberg

Tel: 07032 / 9470-0 Fax: 07032 / 9470-30 E-Mail: poststelle@ffs.schule.bwl.de

### Jerg-Ratgeb-Realschule



Jerg-Ratgeb-School has a wide range of offers for students with different talents. There are three teaching profiles in the field of music, sports and computer-aided teaching. The students are supported in these fields in a differentiated manner according to their interests. A fourth teaching profile in the field of theatre has been in development since the school year 2019/2020. The classes actively participate in school life and experience school and class community in a very special way through a variety of activities and class projects such as sports tournaments, runs, concerts, performances, rehearsal days, school camps and cooperation with extracurricular partners. The open full-day offer enables the all-day use of the media library with more than 6,000 media and several computer workstations. Homework supervision and clubs or participation in activities offered by other schools and external partners such as the "Volkshochschule", the "VfL" or the music school complete the offer.

#### **Educational offer**

#### Music profile

year 5 and 6: wind-instrument class year 7 and 8: "SieBand"; choir, dance year 9 and 10: "BigBand"; choir, dance

### Tablet profile (iPad class)

year 7 to 10

### Sports profile

year 5 to 10

### **Vocational orientation**

year 8 or year 9: internship for career orientation, job application training, career guidance, annual career information market with over 60 exhibitors

Jerg-Ratgeb-Realschule Berliner Straße 5 71083 Herrenberg Tel: 07032 / 9497-20 Fax: 07032 / 9497-29 E-Mail: poststelle@jrr.hbg.schule.bwl.de

### Theodor-Schüz-Realschule



At Theodor-Schüz-Realschule, students can develop according to their strengths and talents. They experience a great school community and meet new friends. There are wind instruments classes and orchestra classes, two formats on nature and health and on climbing and exercise, and a bilingual profile. There are language trips to England and France, as well as an excursion in year 9 and school camps in year 5 or 6. Educational partnerships and cooperations with the music school, the city library, the "VfL", the "Stadtjugendring" and the "Aero-Space-Lab" are important components of a comprehensive educational and support programme. Theodor-Schüz-Realschule has an open full-day programme. Students attend afternoon classes, participate in various work groups (music, languages, school paramedics, dispute mediators, Formula 1 club, remedial courses and more) and get homework supervision. All classrooms are equipped with modern, digital presentation technology.

#### **Educational offer**

### Music profile:

year 5 and 6: wind instrument class

year 7 and 8: concert band

year 9 and 10: "Firstband" (cooperation with Jerg-Ratgeb-Realschule)

### Bilingual profile (English):

year 5 to 10: head subjects geography und biology in English

### Further formats:

year 5 and 6: nature and health / climbing and exercise

### **Vocational orientation**

year 8: internship in a social work organisation

year 9: internship for vocational orientation "BORS (Berufsorientierung Realschule)"

Theodor-Schüz-Realschule Längenholz 13 71083 Herrenberg Tel: 07032 / 9499-30 Fax: 07032 / 9499-39 E-Mail: poststelle@tsr.hbg.schule.bwl.de

# Vogt-Heß-Gemeinschaftsschule



At Vogt-Heβ-Gemeinschaftsschule, it is possible to acquire both a "Hauptschulabschluss" (general education school leaving certificate) (years 9/10) and a "mittlerer Bildungsabschluss" (intermediate education school leaving certificate) (year 10). The school offers structured lessons with a good learning environment and, if required, additional remedial lessons in German and Mathematics. Overall, it follows an individual and practical teaching approach, which also includes training in media skills. The aim is to support children and adolescents, to stimulate their joy of learning and to strengthen their personal development. Special emphasis is placed on social skills. In addition, through cooperation with other partners, a wide range of sport and music activities is possible.

The International Preparatory Class is a protected space for students of non-German origin with little knowledge of German. Here, they can acquire communication skills in the German language. The preparatory class supports the students in their start in the new school and their new home.

### **Educational offer**

year 5: assessment of learning status in German, Mathematics or English, development of a remedial plan

year 7: competence analysis, decision on electives

year 8: compulsory elective subjects (health and social affairs, nature and technology, economics and information technology)

### Vocational orientation

year 7 to 10: career choice lessons

year 10: attendance at a vocational school ("Berufsfachschule")

Vogt-Hess-Gemeinschaftsschule Berliner Straße 3 71083 Herrenberg Tel: 07032 / 9497-10 Fax: 07032 / 9497-19 E-Mail: sekretariat@vogt-hess-schule.de

### Hilde-Domin-Schule

Hilde-Domin-Schule is a vocational school. It offers school graduations at three levels: vocational preparation (German as a foreign language, "Haupt-schulabschluss"), intermediate school graduation ("mittlerer Bildungsabschluss") and vocational grammar school ("berufliches Gymnasium") with a focus on health. In addition, vocational education in the fields of social pedagogy, nursing and agriculture can be selected.

The personal, appreciative guidance of all students is very important. Creativity, personal responsibility and joy of learning are encouraged. Modern digital equipment and competent teachers enable a future-oriented, professionally thorough education. In this way, students are well prepared and motivated to start their careers.



### **Educational offer**

### Nursing

• Nursing training: With a good geriatric nursing assistant's degree, students can enter the second year of training in geriatric nursing. In two further training courses, it is possible to qualify as a practice supervisor as well as a specialist to manage a nursing and functional unit.

#### Social pedagogics

- "Kinderpfleger/in" (child carer): two years at the "Fachschule für Sozialpädagogik" and one year of practical work experience
- "Erzieher/in" (kindergarten teacher) Access qualification (1BKSP): one year at the "Berufskolleg für Sozial-pädagogik" (Vocational School for Social Pedagogy)
- "Erzieher/in" (kindergarten teacher) in the two-year "Berufskolleg für Sozialpädagogik" (vocational school for social pedagogy) (2BKSP) or practice-integrated (3BKSPIT) and further education with the focus on the preparatory course for the "Schulfremdenprüfung Erzieher/in" (2BFQEE)

### **Agriculture**

• State-recognised farmer: The one-year full-time agricultural vocational school (basic level) is credited as the first year of training for the training as a farmer. The second and third year of education as a farmer (specialised level) is a part-time vocational school

### Vocational preparation

- The year of career start "BEJ" is aimed at students who have completed their "Hauptschulabschluss" but have not yet found a training place
- The pre-qualification year job/profession "VAB" is aimed at adolescents without a "Hauptschulabschluss"
- The VABO (pre-qualification year for work/vocational training with a focus on acquiring German language skills) is aimed at adolescents who do not have any knowledge of German and serves primarily to acquire the German language.

Hilde-Domin-Schule Längenholz 8 71083 Herrenberg Tel: 07032 / 9471-0 Fax: 07032 / 9471-40 E-Mail: post@hilde-domin-schule.de

# **Andreae-Gymnasium Herrenberg**

The Andreae-Gymnasium Herrenberg AGH is known and loved for its free work concept, its bilingual English classes and its successful counselling and mentoring system. AGH emphasises on the personal support of the students, on the promotion of their talents and on their development to become thoughtful and responsible members of our society.

### **Educational offer**

First foreign language English from year 5 Second foreign language French or Latin from year 6

### Profile selection from year 8

#### language profile:

- Russian in year 8, if French or Latin have been chosen in year 6
- French in year 8, if Latin has been chosen in year 6
- Spanish in year 10 (as late foreign language), potentially Latin

year 11/12: free choice of foreign languages, but at least one compulsory foreign language (regardless of the selected profile)

### scientific profile:

Sciences and technology ("NWT")

### bilingual profile (English):

in year 5 and 6: one additional lesson English per week

from year 7: geography in English

from year 8: geography und history in English

from year 9: biology in English

from year 10: biology und economics/social studies in English

#### Focus on Computer Science

from year 10 (including the possibility of taking this subject for "Abitur")

### Vocational orientation

year 9: internship in a social work organisation

year 10: internship for vocational orientation "BOGY (Berufsorientierung Gymnasium)"

Andreae-Gymnasium Schießtäle 33 71083 Herrenberg Tel: 07032 / 9498-0 Fax: 07032 / 9498-19

E-Mail: poststelle@andreae-gymnasium.schule.bwl.de

# Schickhardt-Gymnasium Herrenberg

A special feature of Schickhardt-Gymnasium is the "team-small group model", in which the students of years 5 and 6 are intensively supervised and supported by teachers in small groups. Methodology and social interaction are taught here in an interdisciplinary and cooperative way. Methodological and social skills are developed in the middle and upper classes through numerous advisory services, two annual project phases, school camps in years 6 and 8, the possibility of a student exchange and many other activities.

Independence, maturity and accountability are part of the school's mission statement. With its full-day programme, the school offers numerous working groups in the artistic-musical, sporting and mathematical-technical field. This offers a wide range of opportunities for personal development. Being very successful in national competitions is a special motivation for the students.



#### **Educational offer**

First foreign language English from year 5 Second foreign language French or Latin from year 6

### Profile selection from year 8

### Linguistic profile:

Spanish as third foreign language

#### Scientific profile:

- Sciences and technology ("NWT")
- Profile Computer science, maths and physics ("IMP")

### **Vocational orientation**

year 9: internship in a in a social work organisation

year 10: internship for vocational orientation "BOGY (Berufsorientierung Gymnasium)" attendance of the open day for study information

Schickhardt-Gymnasium Längenholz 2 71083 Herrenberg Tel: 07032 / 9499-0 Fax: 07032 / 9499-19 E-Mail: sekretariat@schickhardt.net

# **USEFUL LINKS:**

### **Navigator on Education**

https://www.bildungsnavi-bw.de/

### Educational paths in Baden-Württemberg - graduations and how to continue

https://km-bw.de/site/pbs-bw-km-root/get/documents\_E402483470/KULTUS.Dachmandant/KULTUS/KM-Homepage/Publikationen%202019/BiWe\_BaWu%CC%88\_2020\_web.pdf

### From "Grundschule" (primary school) to secondary school

https://km-bw.de/site/pbs-bw-km-root/get/documents\_E-695614930/KULTUS.Dachmandant/KULTUS/KM-Homepage/Publikationen%202019/2019%20Grundschule%20SCREEN.pdf

### Full-day school in Baden-Württemberg (leaflet)

https://km-bw.de/site/pbs-bw-km-root/get/documents\_E-988932115/KULTUS.Dachmandant/KULTUS/KM-Homepage/Artikelseiten%20KP-KM/Publikationen/Ganztagsschule%20in%20BW%202016.pdf

# Handout for the "Hauptschulabschlussprüfung", "Werkrealabschlussprüfung" and "Realschulabschlussprüfung"

https://km-bw.de/site/pbs-bw-km-root/get/documents\_E1511172461/KULTUS.Dachmandant/KULTUS/KM-Homepage/Publikationen%202019/Handreichung\_novellierte-Abschlusspr%C3%BCfungen\_190722\_web.pdf

### Vocational and study orientation in the sixth form of the "allgemeinbildende Gymnasien"

https://km-bw.de/site/pbs-bw-km-root/get/documents\_E652854001/KULTUS.Dachmandant/KULTUS/KM-Homepage/Publikationen%202015,%202016%20und%202017/Berufs-%20und%20Studienorientierung%20Gym.pdf

### The "Gemeinschaftsschule" in Baden-Württemberg (leaflet)

https://km-bw.de/site/pbs-bw-km-root/get/documents\_E802642765/KULTUS.Dachmandant/KULTUS/KM-Homepage/Publikationen%202020/2020 Flyer GMS in BW web.pdf

### Refugee children and adolescent refugees at school

https://km-bw.de/site/pbs-bw-km-root/get/documents\_E429073437/KULTUS.Dachmandant/KULTUS/kultusportal-bw/Publikationen%20ab%202015/2015-10-21-Fluechtlingskinder-Screen.pdf

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### **Imprint**

City Administration of Herrenberg Office for family, education and social affairs Kirchgasse 2 71083 Herrenberg www.herrenberg.de

Johannes Roller, office lead Meliha Geiger, commissioner for integration in kind cooperation with the schools of Herrenberg

January 202

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